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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/617,148	07/10/2003	Bruce Gregory Warren	491442011620	1394		
42178	7590 05/03/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER		
	DESIGN & MANUFACTU	MEW, KEVIN D				
	SON & FOERSTER LLP IFTH STREET, SUITE 3500	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
LOS ANGELES, CA 90013			2616			
			DATE MAILED: 05/03/2006	5		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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_		Applicat	ion No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/617,	10/617,148 WARREN ET AL.					
		Examine	er	Art Unit				
		Kevin Me	ew	2616				
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1)[🖂	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>07 February 20</i>	206					
-	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
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4)🖂	Claim(s) 1 and 3-7 is/are pending in the application.							
e/L	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/a	re withdrawn from co	onsideration.					
·	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	Claim(s) 1, 3-7 is/are rejected.							
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ction and/or election	requirement.					
Applicati	ion Papers							
9)	The specification is objected to by th	e Examiner.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	a) accepted or b	) ☐ objected to by	the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any obje	ction to the drawing(s)	be held in abeyance	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including		-	• •	1.121(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to	•	-,	•	` '			
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
· ·	Acknowledgment is made of a claim  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority  2. Certified copies of the priority  3. Copies of the certified copies	documents have be	en received. en received in Ap	olication No	age			
* 8	application from the Internation See the attached detailed Office action	nal Bureau (PCT Ru	le 17.2(a)).					
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#### Detailed Action

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#### Response to Amendment

1. Applicant's Remarks/Arguments filed on 2/7/2006 regarding claims 1, 3-7 have been considered. Claims 1, 3-7 are currently pending and claim 2 has been canceled by applicant.

### Claim Objections

2. Claim 6 is objected to because of the following informalities:

The "second Arbitrated Loop device" in lines 1-2 of the claim should be amended to "the first Arbitrated Loop device." Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1, 3-4, 6-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by the admitted prior art, Berman (USP 6,118,776).

Regarding claim 1, Berman discloses a Fibre Channel Arbitrated Loop interconnect system (Fiber Channel Fabric, Fig. 14) comprising:

a first port (port control module PCM 451, col. 11, lines 30-58, col. 14, lines 4-14 and element 451, Fig. 14),

a second port (brouter module or another PCM module, col. 11, lines 30-58 and element 455, Fig. 14),

said first and second ports including port logic to monitor Open (OPN) arbitrated loop primitives (port control modules PCM include port logic to monitor arbitrated loop primitives, col. 20, lines, 27-59),

a crossbar switch coupled to said first and second ports (NxN matrix switch core, col. 13, lines 63-65 and element 453, Fig. 14),

a route determination apparatus (a router, element 452, Fig. 14) including a routing table (router includes an address match table, col. 13, lines 26-50 and element 531, Fig. 16) comprised of Arbitrated Loop Physical Addresses (ALPAs) (address match table comprises 24-bit addresses, col. 13, lines 26-50), the route determination apparatus separate from the ports and directly coupled to each port (the router is directly coupled to each port, Fig. 14) and the crossbar switch (the router is separate from the port controls 451 and 474, Fig. 14) through signaling paths (via signaling paths 459, 460, 461, 462, col. 14, lines 4-14 and Fig. 14), the route determination apparatus for programming the crossbar switch (router programs the switch core to connect routes, col. 12, lines 13-26) to establish direct paths between the ports in the crossbar switch (the fabric routes frames from PCM module 451 to Brouter module 455, col. 11, lines 30-58),

wherein the crossbar switch creates the direct paths between the ports (the fabric routes frames from PCM module 451 to Brouter module 455 or another PCM module, col. 11, lines 30-58) based on the OPN arbitrated loop primitives (based on the OPN primitives such as OPNs, col. 20, lines 40-55), and

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wherein priority for each port is independent of the ALPAs (the port with the highest priority will be used which is independent of the addresses, col. 13, lines 18-25).

Regarding claim 3, Berman discloses a system for interconnecting Fibre

Channel Arbitrated Loop devices (a fiber channel private loop device interconnect system, col. 5, lines 22-29) comprising:

a first Arbitrated Loop containing one or more Fibre Channel arbitrated loop devices (a first arbitrated loop containing one or more private loop devices, col. 3, lines 3-13),

a second Arbitrated Loop Device (a second arbitrated loop containing one or more private loop devices, col. 3, lines 3-13),

a Fibre Channel Arbitrated Loop interconnect system (a fiber channel private loop device interconnect system, col. 3, lines 3-13), the interconnect system including:

a first port containing port logic coupled to the first Arbitrated Loop (port control module PCM 451 contains port logic, col. 11, lines 30-58, col. 14, lines 4-14 and element 451, Fig. 14),

a second port containing port logic coupled to the second Arbitrated Loop (brouter module or another PCM module contains port logic, col. 11, lines 30-58 and element 455, Fig. 14),

the first and second ports adapted to connect to devices supporting a Fibre Channel Arbitrated Loop protocol (ports supporting FC-2 protocol, col. 11, lines 1-5);

route determination apparatus (a router, element 452, Fig. 14) separate from the plurality of ports (the router is separate from the port controls 451 and 474, Fig. 14) and directly

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coupled to each of the plurality of ports (the router is directly coupled to each of the ports, Fig. 14) through separate signaling paths for selecting a direct route between the first and second ports (via separate signaling paths 459, 460, 461, 462, col. 14, lines 4-14 and Fig. 14), based on received Fibre Channel Arbitrated Loop primitives from the ports (based on the OPN primitives such as OPNs, col. 20, lines 40-55), the direct route excluding all other ports (the path between a PCM module and brouter module or another PCM module is excluding other ports, Fig. 14), and including a routing table (router includes an address match table, col. 13, lines 26-50 and element 531, Fig. 16) comprised of Arbitrated Loop Physical Addresses (ALPAs) (address match table comprises 24-bit addresses, col. 13, lines 26-50)

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a crossbar switch directly coupled to the first and second ports and to the route determination apparatus (NxN matrix switch core directly coupled to port control modules and brouter module, col. 13, lines 63-65 and element 453, Fig. 14) through separate signaling paths (via separate signaling paths 476, 457, 458, Fig. 14) for switching frames between ports under control of the route determination apparatus (the router is to connect the frame route between the ports, col. 12, lines 13-26), wherein Fibre Channel frames are transferred between a device on the first Arbitrated Loop and the second Arbitrated Loop Device(the fabric switches frames from PCM module 451 to Brouter module 455, col. 11, lines 30-58), and

wherein priority for each port is independent of the ALPAs (the port with the highest priority will be used which is independent of the addresses, col. 13, lines 18-25).

Regarding claim 4, Berman also discloses the interconnect system of claim 3 wherein the Arbitrated Loop primitives that cause the crossbar switch to create paths between ports includes

one or more of the following: Arbitrate (ARB), Open (OPN) and Close CLS (OPN primitives includes one of ARBs, OPNs, and Closes, col. 20, lines 41-46).

Regarding claim 6, Berman discloses the interconnect system of claim 3 wherein the first Arbitrated Loop device is on the first port (loop device connected to fiber media is on port control module 451, Fig. 14).

Regarding claim 7, Berman discloses the interconnect system of claim 3 wherein the second Arbitrated Loop device is on the second port (loop device connected to bridged network is on brouter module 455, Fig. 14)

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Berman in view of Coffey (US Publication 2002/0044561).

Regarding claim 5, Berman discloses all the aspects of the claimed invention set forth in the rejection of claim 3 above, except fails to explicitly show the interconnect system of claim 3 including a R RDY counter to count R RDY'S sent by the originating Fibre Channel Arbitrated

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Loop device before the OPN response is received by the originating Fibre Channel Arbitrated Loop Device.

However, Coffey discloses a R\_RDY primitive indicates that an interface buffer is available for receiving frames continuously until something causes the current state to change (see paragraph 0055, lines 15-20). Coffery further discloses is the OPN primitive is used for opening the connection between the transmitter port and the receiver port (see entire paragraph 0068). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the fiber channel arbitration method and apparatus of Berman with the teaching of Coffey in using the R\_RDY primitive such that the value of the R\_RDY primitive will be used in the event that the receiver is ready to receive data frames before the originator will receive any opening connection response from the receiver. The motivation to do so is to avoid consuming resources to open connection between two ports unnecessary when the receiver is not yet ready to receive further data frames from the originator.

## Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed on 2/7/2006 have been fully considered but they are not moot in view of a new ground of rejection.

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Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Kevin Mew whose telephone number is 571-272-3141. The

examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 am - 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Seema Rao can be reached on 571-272-3174. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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